105th Congress, 1st Session – – – – – – – House Document 105–106

EXTENSION OF FISHERY AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA

MESSAGE

FROM

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

TRANSMITTING

AN AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND THE GOVERNMENT OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA EXTENDING THE AGREEMENT OF JULY 23, 1985, CONCERNING FISHERIES OFF THE COASTS OF THE UNITED STATES, AS EXTENDED AND AMENDED, PURSUANT TO 16 U.S.C. 1823(a)



July 16, 1997.—Message and accompanying papers referred to the Committee on Resources and ordered to be printed

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

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WASHINGTON: 1997

To the Congress of the United States:

In accordance with the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act of 1976 (16 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), I transmit herewith an Agreement between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the People's Republic of China Extending the Agreement of July 23, 1985, Concerning Fisheries Off the Coasts of the United States, with Annexes and Agreed Minutes, as amended and extended. This Agreement, which was effected by an exchange of notes at Beijing on June 6 and July 1, 1996, extends the 1985 Agreement to July 1, 1998.

In light of the importance of our fisheries relationship with the People's Republic of China, I urge that the Congress give favorable

consideration to this Agreement at an early date.

WILLIAM J. CLINTON.

The White House, July 16, 1997.

EMBASSY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

No. 219

The Embassy of the United States of America presents its compliments to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the People's Republic of China and has the honor to request an extension of the Agreement between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the People's Republic of China Concerning Fisheries off the Coasts of the United States, with annex, signed at Washington July 23, 1985, as amended and extended (the Agreement).

The Embassy proposes, on behalf of the Government of the United States of America, that the Agreement, which is currently scheduled to expire on July 1, 1996, be extended for an additional two year period, until July 1, 1998. If this proposal is acceptable to the Government of the People's Republic of China, the Embassy proposes that this note and the Government of the People's Republic of China's favorable note in reply shall constitute an agreement between the two Governments, which shall enter into force on a date to be determined in a subsequent exchange of diplomatic notes following the completion of all necessary internal procedures of both parties.

The Embassy of the United States would like to take this opportunity to renew to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs the assurances of its highest consideration.



Embassy of the United States of America,
Beijing, June 6, 1996.

(TRANSLATION)

(SEAL OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA)

THE MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA

(96) DIPLOMATIC NOTE NO. 548

EMBASSY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA IN BEIJING:

THE MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA PRESENTS ITS COMPLIMENTS TO THE EMBASSY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA IN BEIJING AND HAS THE HONOR TO CONFIRM THE RECEIPT OF THE DIPLOMATIC NOTE DATED JUNE 6, 1996 [DIPLOMATIC NOTE 219] FROM THE EMBASSY AS FOLLOWS:

"THE EMBASSY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA PRESENTS ITS COMPLIMENTS TO THE MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA AND HAS THE HONOR TO REQUEST AN EXTENSION OF THE AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND THE GOVERNMENT OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA CONCERNING FISHERIES OFF THE COASTS OF THE UNITED STATES, WITH ANNEX, SIGNED AT WASHINGTON JULY 23, 1985, AS AMENDED AND EXTENDED (THE AGREEMENT).

THE EMBASSY PROPOSES, ON BEHALF OF THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, THAT THE AGREEMENT, WHICH IS CURRENTLY SCHEDULED TO EXPIRE ON JULY 1, 1996, BE EXTENDED FOR AN ADDITIONAL TWO YEAR PERIOD, UNTIL JULY 1, 1998. IF THIS PROPOSAL IS ACCEPTABLE TO THE GOVERNMENT OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA, THE EMBASSY PROPOSES THAT THIS NOTE AND THE GOVERNMENT OF

THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA'S FAVORABLE NOTE IN REPLY SHALL CONSTITUTE AN AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE TWO GOVERNMENTS, WHICH SHALL ENTER INTO FORCE ON A DATE TO BE DETERMINED IN A SUBSEQUENT EXCHANGE OF DIPLOMATIC NOTES FOLLOWING THE COMPLETION OF ALL NECESSARY INTERNAL PROCEDURES OF BOTH PARTIES."

THE MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS CONFIRMS THAT IT CONSENTS ON BEHALF OF THE GOVERNMENT OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA THE CONTENTS OF THE ABOVE MENTIONED DIPLOMATIC NOTE.

THE MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA WOULD LIKE TO TAKE THIS OPPORTUNITY TO RENEW TO THE EMBASSY OF THE UNITED STATES THE ASSURANCES OF ITS HIGHEST CONSIDERATION.

MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA

JULY 1, 1996, BEIJING

AGREEMENT BETWEEN
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
AND THE GOVERNMENT OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA
CONCERNING FISHERIES OFF THE COASTS
OF THE UNITED STATES

The Government of the United States of America and the Government of the People's Republic of China

Considering their common concern for the rational management, conservation and achievement of optimum yield of fish stocks off the coasts of the United States;

Recognizing that the United States has established by Presidential Proclamation of March 10, 1983 an exclusive economic zone within 200 nautical miles of its coasts within which the United States has sovereign rights to explore, exploit, conserve and manage all fish and that the United States also has such rights over the living resources of the continental shelf appertaining to the United States and to anadromous species of fish of United States origin; and

Desirous of establishing reasonable terms and conditions pertaining to fisheries of mutual concern over which the United States has sovereign rights to explore, exploit, conserve and manage;

Have agreed as follows:

ARTICLE 1

The purpose of this Agreement is to promote effective conservation, rational management and the achievement of optimum yield in the fisheries of mutual interest off the coasts of the United States, to facilitate the rapid and full development of the United States fishing industry and to establish a common understanding of the principles and procedures under which fishing may be conducted by nationals and vessels of the People's Republic of China for the living resources over which the United States has sovereign rights to explore, exploit, conserve and manage.

ARTICLE II

As used in this Agreement, the term

- 1. "living resources over which the United States has sovereign rights to explore, exploit, conserve and manage" means all fish within the exclusive economic zone of the United States (except highly migratory species of tuna), all anadromous species of fish that spawn in the fresh or estuarine waters of the United States and migrate to ocean waters while present in the United States exclusive economic zone and in areas beyond national fisheries jurisdictions recognized by the United States and all living resources of the continental shelf appertaining to the United States;
- 2. "fish" means all finfish, molluses, crustaceans, and other forms of marine animal and plant life, other than marine mammals, birds and highly migratory species;

3. "fishery" means

- a. One or more stocks of fish that can be treated as a unit for purposes of conservation and management and that are identified on the basis of geographical, scientific, technical, recreational and economic characteristics; and
- b. any fishing for such stocks;
- 4. "exclusive economic zone" means a zone contiguous to the territorial sea of the United States, the seaward boundary of which is a line drawn in such a manner that each point on it is 200 nautical miles from the baseline from which the breadth of the territorial sea of the United States is measured;
 - 5. "fishing" means
 - a. the catching, taking or harvesting of fish;
 - b. the attempted catching, taking or harvesting of fish;
 - e. any other activity that can reasonably be expected to result in the catching, taking or harvesting of fish;
 - d. any operations at sea, including processing, directly in support of, or in preparation for, any activity described in subparagraphs a. through c. above, provided that such term

does not include other legitimate uses of the high seas, including any scientific research activity:

- 6. "fishing wessel" means any vessel, boat, ship, or other craft that is used for, equipped to be used for, or of a type that is normally used for
 - a. fishing; or
 - b. aiding or assisting one or more vessels at sea in the performance of any activity relating to fishing, including preparation, supply, storage, refrigeration, transportation or processing;
- 7. "highly migratory species" means species of tuna which in the course of their life cycle, spawn and migrate over great distances in waters of the ocean; and
- 8. *marine mammal* means any mammal that is morphologically adapted to the marine environment, including sea otters and members of the orders Sirenia, Pinnipedia, and Cetacea, or primarily inhabits the marine environment such as polar bears.

ARTICLE III

It The Government of the United States is willing to allow access for foreign fishing vessels to harvest, in accordance with terms and conditions to be established in permits issued under Article VII, that portion of the total allowable catch for a specific fishery that will not be harvested by United States fishing vessels and is determined. to be available to foreign fishing vessels in accordance with United States law.

- The Government of the United States shall determine each year, subject to such adjustments as may be appropriate and in accordance with United States law;
 - a. the total allowable catch for each fishery based on optimum yield, taking into account the best available scientific evidence, and social, economic and other relevant factors;
 - b. the harvesting capacity of United States fishing vessels in respect of each fishery;
 - c. the portion of the total allowable catch for a specific fishery to which access will be provided, on a periodic basis each year, to foreign fishing wessels; and
 - d. the allocation of such portion that may be made available to qualifying fishing vessels of the People's Republic of China.
- 3. The United States shall determine each year the measures necessary to prevent overfishing while achieving, on a continuing basis, the optimum yield from each fishery in

accordance with United States law. Such measures may include: inter alia:

- a. designated areas where, and periods when, fishing shall be permitted, limited, or conducted only by specified types of fishing wessels or with specified types and quantities of fishing gear;
- b. limitations on the catch of fish based on area, species, size, number, weight, sex, incidental catch, total biomass or other factors;
- c. limitations on the number and types of fishing wessels that may engage in fishing and/or on the number of days each wessel of the total fleet may engage in a designated area for a specified fishery;
- d. requirements as to the types of gear that may, or may not, be employed; and
- e. requirements designed to facilitate enforcement of such conditions and restrictions, including the maintenance of appropriate position-fixing and identification equipment.
- 4. The Government of the United States shall notify the Government of the People's Republic of China of the determinations provided for by this Article on a timely basis.

ARTICLE IV

In determining the portion of the surplus that may be made available to wessels of each country, including the People's Republic of China, the Government of the United States will decide on the basis of the factors identified in United States law including:

- whether, and to what extent, such nations impose tariff barriers or nontariff barriers on the importation, or otherwise restrict the market access, of both United States fish and fishery products particularly fish and fishery products for which the foreign nation has requested an allocation;
- 2. whether, and to what extent such nation is cooperating with the United States in both the advancement of existing and new opportunities for fisheries exports from the United States through the purchase of fishery products from United States processors, and the advancement of fisheries trade through the purchase of fish and fishery products from United States fishermen, particularly fish and fishery products for which the foreign nation has requested an allocation:
- 3. whether, and to what extent, such nations and the fishing fleets of such nations have cooperated with the United States in the enforcement of United States fishing regulations;
- 4. Whether, and to what extent, such nations require the fish harvested from the exclusive economic some for their domestic consumption;

- 5. whether, and to what extent, such nations otherwise contribute to, or foster the growth of, a sound and economic United States fishing industry, including minimizing gear conflicts with fishing operations of United States fishermen, and transferring harvesting or processing technology which will benefit the United States fishing industry;
- 6. whether, and to what extent, the fishing vessels of such nations have traditionally engaged in fishing in such fishery;
- 7. whether, and to what extent, such nations are cooperating with the United States in, and making substantial contributions to, fishery research and the identification of fishery resources; and
- 8. such other matters as the United States deems appropriate.

ARTICLE V

The Government of the People's Republic of China shall cooperate with and assist the United States in the development of the United States fishing industry and the increase of United States fishery exports by taking such measures as reducing or removing impediments to the importation and sale of United States fishery products, providing information concerning technical and administrative requirements for access of United States fishery products into the People's Republic of China, providing economic data,

sharing expertise, facilitating the transfer of harvesting or processing technology to the United States fishing industry, facilitating appropriate joint wenture and other arrangements, informing its industry of trade and joint venture opportunities with the United States, and taking other actions as may be appropriate.

ARTICLE VI

The Government of the People's Republic of China shall take all necessary measures to ensure:

- 1. that nationals and vessels of the People's Republic of China refrain from fishing for living resources over which the United States has sovereign rights to explore, exploit, conserve and manage except as authorized pursuant to this Agreement;
- 2. that all such vessels so authorized comply with the provisions of permits issued pursuant to this Agreement and applicable laws of the United States; and
- 3. that the total allocation referred to in Article III, paragraph 2.d. of this Agreement is not exceeded for any fishery.

· ARTICLE VII

The Government of the People's Republic of China may submit an application to the Government of the United States for a permit for each fishing vessel of the People's Republic of China that wishes to engage in fishing in the exclusive economic zone

pursuant to this Agreement. Such application shall be prepared and processed in accordance with the Annex I, which constitutes an integral part of this Agreement. The Government of the United States may require the payment of fees for such permits and for fishing in the United States exclusive economic sone. The Government of the People's Republic of China undertakes to keep the number of applications to the minimum required, in order to aid in the efficient administration of the permit program.

ARTICLE VIII

The Government of the People's Republic of China shall ensure that nationals and vessels of the People's Republic of China refrain from harassing, hunting, capturing or killing, or attempting to harass, hunt, capture or kill, any marine mammal within the United States exclusive economic zone, except as may be otherwise provided by an international agreement respecting marine mammals to which the United States is a party, or in accordance with specific authorization for and controls on incidental taking of marine mammals established by the Government of the United States.

ARTICLE IX

The Government of the People's Republic of China shall ensure that in the conduct of the fisheries under this Agreement:

- the authorizing permit for each vessel of the People's Republic of China is prominently displayed in the wheelhouse of such vessel;
- appropriate position-fixing and identification equipment, as determined by the Government of the United States,
 is installed and maintained in working order on each vessel;
- 3. designated United States observers are permitted to board, upon request, any such fishing vessel, and shall be accorded the courtesies and accommodations provided to ship's officers while aboard such vessel, and owners, operators and crews of such vessel shall cooperate with observers in the conduct of their official duties, and, further, the Government of the United States shall be reimbursed for the costs-incurred in the utilization of observers;
- 4. agents are appointed and maintained within the United States possessing the authority to receive and respond to any legal process issued in the United States with respect to an owner or operator of a vessel of the People's Republic of Chima for any cause arising out of the conduct of fishing activities for the living resources over which the United States has sovereign rights to explore, exploit, conserve and manage; and
- 5. all necessary measures are taken to minimize fishing gear conflicts and to ensure the prompt and appropriate compensation of United States citizens for any loss, or damage to, their fishing vessels, fishing gear or catch, and resultant

economic loss, that is caused by any fishing vessel of the People's Republic of China as determined by applicable United States procedures.

ARTICLE X

The Government of the People's kepublic of China shall take all appropriate measures to assist the United States in the enforcement of its laws pertaining to fishing in the exclusive economic zone and to ensure that each vessel of the People's Republic of China that engages in fishing for living resources over which the United States has sovereign rights to explore, exploit, conserve and manage shall allow and assist the boarding and inspection of such vessel by any duly authorized enforcement officer of the United States and shall cooperate in such enforcement action as may be undertaken pursuant to the laws of the United States.

ARTICLE XI

1. The Government of the United States will impose appropriate penalties, in accordance with the laws of the United States, on vessels of the People's Republic of China or their owners, operators, or crews that violate the requirements of this Agreement or of any permit issued hereunder.

- 2. Arrested vessels and their crews shall be promptly released, subject to such reasonable bond or other security as may be determined by the court.
- 3. In any case arising out of fishing activities under this Agreement, the penalty for violation of fishery regulations shall not include imprisonment except in the case of enforcement related offenses such as assault on an enforcement officer or refusal to permit boarding and inspection.
- 4. In cases of seizure and arrest of a vessel of the People's Republic of China by the authorities of the Government of the United States, notification shall be given within four days through diplomatic channels informing the Government of the People's Republic of China of the action taken and of any penalties subsequently imposed.

ARTICLE XII

1. The Governments of the United States and the People's Republic of China shall cooperate in the conduct of scientific research required for the purpose of managing and conserving living resources over which the United States has sovereign rights to explore, exploit, conserve and manage, including the compilation of the hest available scientific information for management and conservation of stocks of mutual interest.

- 2. The competent agencies of the two Governments shall cooperate in the development of a periodic research plan on stocks of mutual concern through correspondence or meetings as appropriate, and may modify it from time to time by agreement. The agreed research plans may include, but are not limited to, the exchange of information and scientists, regularly scheduled meetings between scientists to prepare research plans and review progress, and jointly conducted research projects.
- 3. The conduct of agreed research during regular commercial fishing operations on board a fishing vessel of the People's Republic of China in the United States exclusive economic zone shall not be deemed to change the character of the vessel's activities from fishing to scientific research. Therefore, it will still be necessary to obtain a permit for the vessel in accordance with Article VII.
- 4. The Government of the People's Republic of China shall cooperate with the Government of the United States in the implementation of procedures for collecting and reporting biostatistical information and fisheries data, including catch and effort statistics, in accordance with procedures which will be stipulated by the United States. The Government of the People's Republic of China shall similarly provide such economic data as may be requested by the United States.

ARTICLE XIII

The Government of the United States and the Government of the People's Republic of China shall carry cut periodic bilateral consultations regarding the implementation of this Agreement and the development of further cooperation in the field of fisheries of mutual concern, including cooperation within the framework of appropriate multilateral organizations for the collection and analysis of scientific data respecting such fisheries.

ARTICLE XIV

The Government of the United States undertakes to authorize fisheries research vessels and fishing vessels of the People's Republic of China allowed to fish pursuant to this Agreement to enter designated ports in accordance with United States laws and regulations referred to in Annex II, which constitutes an integral part of this Agreement.

ARTICLE XV

Should the Government of the United States indicate to the Government of the People's Republic of China that nationals and vessels of the United States wish to engage in fishing in the fishery zone adjacent to the territorial sea of the People's Republic of China, or its equivalent, the Government of the People's Republic of China will allow such fishing on the basis of reciprocity and on terms not more restrictive than those established in accordance with this Agreement.

ARTICLE XVI

Nothing contained in the present Agreement shall prejudice the views of either Government with respect to the existing territorial or other jurisdiction of the coastal State for all purposes other than the conservation and management of fisheries.

ARTICLE XVII

- 1. This Agreement, together with the Agreed Minutes, shall enter into force on a date to be agreed upon by exchange of notes, following the completion of internal procedures of both Governments, and remain in force until July 1, 1990, unless extended by exchange of notes between the Parties.

 Notwithstanding the foregoing, either Party may terminate this Agreement after giving written notice of such termination to the other Party six months in advance.
- 2. At the request of either Party, this Agreement shall be subject to review by the two Governments two years after its entry into force.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned, being duly authorized for this purpose, have signed this Agreement.

DONE at Washington, this 23rd day of July, 1985, in duplicate, in the English and Chinese languages, both texts being equally authentic.

POR THE GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA:

POR THE GOVERNMENT OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA:

& R.Wes

ANNEX I

Application and Permit Procedures

The following procedures shall govern the application for and issuance of annual permits authorizing vessels of the People's Republic of China to engage in fishing for living resources over which the United States has sovereign rights to explore, exploit, conserve and manage:

- 1. The Government of the People's Republic of China may submit an application to the competent authorities of the United States for each fishing vessel of the People's Republic of China that wishes to engage in fishing pursuant to this Agreement. Such application shall be made on forms provided by the Government of the United States for that purpose.
 - 2. Any such application shall specify
 - a. the name and official number or other identification of each fishing vessel for which a permit is sought, together with the name and address of the owner and operator thereof;
 - b. the tonnage, capacity, speed, processing equipment, type and quantity of fishing gear, and such other information relating to the fishing characteristics of the vessel as may be requested;

- c. a specification of each fishery in which each vessel wishes to fish;
- d. the amount of fish or tonnage of catch by species contemplated for each vessel during the time such permit is in force;
- e. the ocean area in which, and the season or period during which, such fishing would be conducted; and
- f. such other relevant information as may be requested, including desired transshipping areas.
- 3. The Government of the United States shall review each application, shall determine what conditions and restrictions may be needed, and what fee will be required, and shall inform the Government of the People's Republic of China of such determinations. The Government of the United States reserves the right not to approve applications.
- 4. The Government of the People's Republic of China shall thereupon notify the Government of the United States of its acceptance or rejection of such conditions and restrictions and, in the case of a fejection, of its objections thereto.
- 5. Upon acceptance of the conditions and restrictions by the Government of the People's Republic of China and the payment of any fees, the Government of the United States shall approve the

application and issue a permit for each fishing vessel of the People's Republic of China, which fishing vessel shall thereupon be authorized to fish in accordance with this Agreement and the terms and conditions set forth in the permit. Such permits shall be issued for a specific vessel and shall not be transferred.

- 6. In the event the Government of the People's Republic of China notifies the Government of the United States of its objections to specific conditions and restrictions, the two sides may consult with respect thereto and the Government of the People's Republic of China may thereupon submit a revised application.
- 7. The procedures in this Annex may be amended by agreement through an exchange of notes between the two Governments.

ANNEX II

Procedures Relating to United States Port Calls

Article XIV of the Agreement provides for the entry of certain vessels of the People's Republic of China into designated ports of the United States in accordance with United States law for certain purposes. This Annex designates the ports and purposes authorized and describes procedures which govern such port entries.

- 1. The following types of vessels may enter the ports specified following a notice received at least four working days in advance of the entry: Fisheries research vessels, fishing vessels participating in joint ventures involving over-the-side purchases of fish from U.S. fishing vessels, and other fishing vessels (including support vessels) of the People's Republic of China which have been issued permits pursuant to the Agreement are authorized to enter the ports of Kodiak, Dutch Harbor, Seattle, Seward, and Home.
- 2. Vessels referred to in paragraph 1 above may enter the ports referred to for a period not exceeding seven calendar days for the purpose of scientific planning and discussion, to exchange scientific data, equipment and personnel, and to replenish ships' stores or fresh water,

obtain bunkers, provide rest for or make changes in the wessels'
personnel, obtain repairs, or obtain other services normally
provided in such ports, and, as necessary, to receive permits;
provided, however, that in exceptional cases involving force
majeure vessels may remain in port for longer periods required
to effect repairs necessary for seaworthiness and operational
reliability without which the woyage could not be continued.
All such entries into port shall be in accordance with applicable rules and regulations of the United States and of state
and local authorities in the area wherein they have jurisdiction.

- 3. The notice referred to in paragraph 1 shall be made by an agent for the vessel to the United States Coast Guard (GWPE) in accordance with standard procedures using telex (892427), teletype communication "TWX" (710-822-1959), or Western Union. With respect to vessels desiring to enter the United States ports under this Agreement, the United States reserves the right to require such vessels to submit to inspection by authorized personnel of the United States Coast Guard or other appropriate Pederal agencies.
- 4. The Government of the United States of America at the consular sections of its diplomatic missions will accept crew lists in application for wisas to be issued

in accordance with existing visa regulations and reciprocity agreements. Such a crew list shall be submitted prior to the entry of a vessel into a port of the United States in accordance with existing visa regulations and reciprocity agreements.

- 5. In cases where a seaman of the People's Republic of China is evacuated from his vessel to the United States for the purpose of emergency medical treatment, authorities of the People's Republic of China shall ensure that the seaman departs from the United States within 14 days after his release from the hospital. During the period that the seaman is in the United States, representatives of the People's Republic of China will be responsible for him.
- Republic of China in the specified ports shall be permitted subject to submission to the consular section of U.S. diplomatic missions of applications for individual transit visas and crewman visas for replacement crewman. Applications shall be submitted in advance of the date of the arrival of the crewmen in the United States in accordance with existing visa regulations and reciprocity agreements, and shall indicate the names, dates and places of birth, the purpose of the visit, the vessel to which assigned, and the modes and dates of

arrival of all replacement crewmen. Individual passports or seamen's documents shall accompany each application. Subject to United States laws and regulations, the United States mission will affix transit and crewmen visas to each passport or seaman's document before it is returned. In addition to the requirements above, the name of the vessel and date of its expected arrival, a list of names, dates and places of birth for those crewmen who shall be admitted to the United States under the responsibility of the People's Republic of China representatives for repatriation to the People's Republic of China and the dates and manner of their departure from the United States shall be submitted to the Department of State in accordance with existing visa regulations and reciprocity agreements.

- 7. In addition, special provisions shall be made as necessary regarding the entry into other ports of the United States of fisheries research vessels of the People's Republic of China which are engaged in a mutually agreed research program in accordance with terms of Article XII of the Agreement. Requests for such entry of fisheries research vessels should be forwarded to the United States Department of State, Washington, D.C. through diplomatic channels.
- 8. The provisions of this Annex may be amended by agraement through an exchange of notes between the two Governments.

AGREED MINUTES

1. With respect to Article IV of the Agreement, the Representative of the People's Republic of China emphasized the importance of the Chinese fishing industry to the Chinese economy, and urged that the Government of the United States give due consideration to the need for the continuation of stable fishing operations by fishing vessels of the People's Republic of China in the United States Exclusive Economic Ione.

The Representative of the United States of America took note of this statement and indicated that it would be taken into account in accordance with United States laws and regulations.

The Representatives of the Government of the United States of America and the People's Republic of China both acknowledged the advantage to both countries' respective fishing industries of providing continuity and stability of cooperation in fishery relations, including fisheries development, fisheries trade and fishery allocations.

2. With respect to Article IX of the Agreement, the Representative of the People's Republic of China requested that the Government of the United States ensure the prompt and appropriate compensation of Chinese nationals and vessels for any loss, or damage

to. Chinese fishing vessels, fishing gear or catch, and resultant economic loss, that is caused by any fishing wessel of the United States as determined by applicable United States procedures.

The Representative of the United States of America stated that, under the legal system of the United States, the United States Government could not ensure the payment of such compensation. Nevertheless, the Representative of the United States of America stated that the United States Government could assure the Representative of the People's Republic of China that Chinese nationals would have full and equal access to the United States judicial and administrative system under the laws and regulations of the United States for the resolution of any such claims which might arise under the Agreement.

Representative of the People's Republic of China requested protection of Chinese nationals and vessels, that are conducting fishing operations under the Agreement in the United States Exclusive Economic Zone, in accordance with United States laws and regulations and international law. The Representative of the United States of America gave assurances that nationals and vessels would receive the

same treatment as the nationals and vessels of any other foreign nation in accordance with United States laws and regulations and under customary international law.

4. Annex II, "Procedures Relating to United States Port Calls" is not intended to apply to the entry of wessels described therein into U.S. territorial waters in instances of force majeure. In cases involving acute medical emergencies, procedures will be coordinated on a case by case basis in a humanitarian manner.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE WASHINGTON

[May 12, 1992]

Excellency:

I have the honor to refer to the Agreement between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the People's Republic of China concerning fisheries off the coasts of the United States, signed at Washington on July 23, 1985, as amended, (hereinafter referred to as "the Agreement"). I have the further honor to propose that, in accordance with the provisions of Article XVII, the Agreement be extended until July 1, 1994, and be further amended as follows:

- 1. In Article II, paragraph 1, delete "(except highly migratory species of tuns)".
 - In Article II, replace the text of paragraph 2 with the following:
 "fish" means all finfish, molluses, crustaceans, and other forms of marine animal and plant life, other than marine mammals and birds;"
 - In Article II, at the end of subparagraph
 b., add the word "and", delete paragraph
 and renumber the
 present paragraph 8 as paragraph 7.

His Excellency

Zhu Qizhen.

Ambassador of the People's Republic of China

4. In Article IV:

- A. at the end of paragraph 7, delete the word "and";
- B. replace the text of paragraph 8 with the following:
 - "8. whether, and to what extent, such nation is cooperating with the United States in matters pertaining to:
 - a. the implementation of United
 Nations General Assembly resolution
 46/215 of December 20. 1991 on
 Large-scale Pelagic Driftnet Fishing:
 b. the conservation and management of anadromous species; and
 - c. the conservation of the pollock resource in the central Bering Sea; and; and
- C. renumber existing paragraph 8 *s paragraph 9.
- 5. Replace the text of Article VII with the following:

The Government of the People's Republic of China may submit an application to the Government of the United States of America for a permit for each fishing vessel of the People's Republic of China that wishes to engage in fishing in the exclusive economic zone pursuant to this Agreement. Such application shall be prepared and processed in accordance with Annex I, which

constitutes an integral part of this
Agreement. While the Government of the
United States of America may require the
payment of fees for such permits and for
fishing in the exclusive economic zone,
such fees shall be reasonable and applied
without discrimination. The Government of
the People's Republic of China undertakes
to keep the number of applications to the
minimum required, in order to aid in the
efficient administration of the permit
program."

- 6. Add a new paragraph 5 to the end of Article XII.
 - "5. The Government of the People's "
 Republic of Chins shall cooperate with
 the Government of the United States of
 America in matters pertaining to the
 implementation of United Nations
 General Assembly resolution 46/215 of
 December 20, 1991 on Large-scale
 Pelagic Driftnet Fishing, the
 conservation and management of
 anadromous species, and the
 conservation of the pollock resources
 in the central Bering Sea."
- 7. Replace the text of Article XIII with the following:
 - *1. The Government of the United States of America and the Government of the People's Republic of China

shall carry out periodic bilateral consultations regarding the implementation of this Agreement and the development of further cooperation in the field of fisheries of mutual concern, including cooperation within the framework of appropriate multilateral organizations for the collection and analysis of scientific data respecting such fisheries.

2. At the request of either Government, any dispute concerning the interpretation or application of this Agreement shall be the subject of consultations between them.

E. Replace the text of Article XIV with the following:

"The Government of the United States of America undertakes to authorize fisheries research vessels and fishing vessels of the People's Republic of China allowed to fish pursuant to this Agreement to enter designated ports in accordance with United States laws referred to in Annex II, which is an integral part of this agreement, for the purpose of purchasing bait, supplies, or outfits, or effecting repairs, changing crews, or for such other purposes as may be authorized."

9. Replace the text of Article XV with the

following:

"Should the Government of the United States of America indicate to the Government of the People's Republic of China that nationals and vessels of the United States wish to engage in fishing in areas within the fisheries jurisdiction of the People's Republic of China, the Government of the People's Republic of China shall allow such fishing on terms not more restrictive than those established in accordance with this Agreement."

10. Replace the text of Article XVI with the following:

Nothing contained in the present
Agreement shall prejudice the views of
either Government with respect to:

1. the existing territorial or other
jurisdiction of the coastal State for
all purposes other than the
conservation and management of
fisheries; or,

2. any other international rights and

obligations of either Government."

11. Insert a new Article XVII as follows: "The Agreement shall apply to the territories of the People's Republic of China, and to the United States, its territories and its possessions." 12. Renumber existing Article XVII as Article XVIII.

I have further the honor to propose that, if this proposal is acceptable to the Government of the People's Republic of China, this note and your Excellency's note in reply shall constitute an agreement between our two Governments which will enter into force on a date to be agreed upon in a subsequent exchange of diplomatic notes between our two Governments following the completion of necessary internal procedures.

Accept, Excellency, the renewed assurances of my highest consideration.

For the Secretary of State:

Mid Olahan

Excellency:

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your Note of May 12, 1992, which reads as follows:

- "I have the honor to refer to the Agreement between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the People's Republic of China concerning fisheries off the coasts of the United States, signed at Washington on July 23,1985, as amended, (hereinafter referred to as "the Agreement"). I have the further honor to propose that, in accordance with the provisions of Article XVII, the Agreement be extended until July 1, 1994, and be further amended as follows:
- In Article II, paragraph 1, delete "(except highly migratory species of tuna)".
- 2. In Article II, replace the text of paragraph 2 with the following:
 - 2. "fish" means all finfish, molluscs, crustaceans, and other forms of marine animal and plant life, other than marine mammals and birds;"
- 3. In Article II, at the end of subparagraph 6.b.,add the word "and", delete paragraph 7 and renumber the present paragraph 8 as paragraph 7.

His Excellency
James A. Baker III,
Secretary of State,
Washington, D.C.

4. In Article IV:

- A. at the end of paragraph 7, delete the word "and";
- B. replace the text of paragraph 8 with the following:
 "8. whether, and to what extent, such nation is cooperating with the United States in matters pertaining to:
 - a. the implementation of United Nations General Assembly resolution 46/215 of December 20, 1991 on Large-scale Pelagic Driftnet Fishing;
 - b. the conservation and management of anadromous species; and
 - c. the conservation of the pollock resource in the central Bering Sea; and"; and
- C. renumber existing paragraph 8 as paragraph 9.
- 5. Replace the text of Article VII with the following: "The Government of the People's Republic of China may submit an application to the Government of the United States of America for a permit for each fishing vessel of the People's Republic of China that wishes to engage in fishing in the exclusive economic zone pursuant to this Agreement. Such application shall be prepared and processed in accordance with Annex I, which constitutes an integral part of this Agreement. While the Government of the United States of America may require the payment of fees for such permits and for fishing in the exclusive economic zone, such fees shall be reasonable and applied without discrimination. The Government of the People's Republic of China undertakes to keep the number of application to the minimum required, in order to aid in the *efficient administration of permit program.

- 6. Add a new paragraph 5 to the end of Article XII: "5. The Government of the People's Republic of China shall cooperate with the Government of the United States of America in matters pertaining to the implementation of United Nations General Assembly resolution 46/215 of December 20, 1991 on Large-scale Pelagic Driftnet Fishing, the conservation and management of anadromous species, and the conservation of the pollock resources in the central Bering Sea."
- 7. Replace the text of Article XIII with the following:

 "1. The Government of the United States of America and the Government of People's Republic of China shall carry out periodic bilateral consultations regarding the implementation of this Agreement and the development of further cooperation in the field of fisheries of mutual concern, including cooperation within the framework of appropriate multilateral organizations for the collection and analysis of scientific data respecting such fisheries.
 - 2. At the request of either Government, any dispute concerning the interpretation or application of this Agreement shall be the subject of consultations between them. "
- 8. Replace the text of Article XIV with the following: "The Government of the United States of America undertakes to authorize fisheries research vessels and fishing vessels of the People's Republic of China allowed to fish pursuant to this Agreement to enter designated ports in accordance with United States laws referred to in Annex II, which is an integral part of this agreement, for the purpose of purchasing bait, supplies, or outfits, or effecting repairs, changing crews, or for such other purposes as may be authorized."

- 9. Replace the text of Article XV with the following: "Should the Government of the United States of America indicate to the Government of the People's Republic of China that nationals and vessels of the United States wish to engage in fishing in areas within the fisheries jurisdiction of the People's Republic of China, the Government of the People's Republic of China shall allow such fishing on terms not more restrictive than those established in accordance with this Agreement."
- 10. Replace the text of Article XVI with the following: "Nothing contained in the present Agreement shall prejudice the views of either Government with respect to:
 - 1. the existing territorial or other jurisdiction of the coastal State for all purposes other than the conservation and management of fisheries; or , $\frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{$
 - 2. any other international rights and obligations of either Government."
- 11. Insert a new Article XVII as following:
 " The Agreement shall apply to the territories of the People's Republic of China, and to the United States, its territories and its possessions."
- 12. Renumber existing Article XVII as Article XVIII.

 I have further the honor to propose that, if this proposal is acceptable to the Government of the People's Republic of China, this note and your Excellency's note in reply shall constitute an agreement between our two Governments which will enter into force on a date to be agreed upon in a subsequent exchange of diplomatic notes between our two Governments following the completion of necessary internal procedures. "

I have further the honor to confirm on behalf of the Government of the People's Republic of China that the said proposal is acceptable to the Government of the People's Republic of China and to agree that your Excellency's Note and this Note in reply shall be regarded as constituting an agreement between the two Governments, which will enter into force on a date to be agreed upon in a subsequent exchange of diplomatic notes between the two Governments.

I avail myself of this opportunity to renew to you the assurance of my highest consideration.

ZHU QIZHEN

Ambassador of the People's Republic of China July 6, 1992

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